# SS Culture

Volume Seven:

# Christianity



Translated from Original SS Publications

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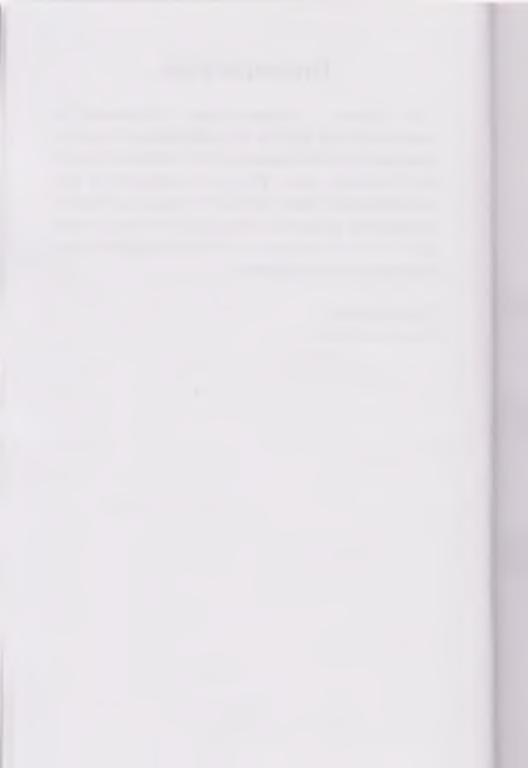
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### Introduction

SS Culture – Volume Seven: Christianity is translated from original SS publications. The articles are about the impact of the Christian church on Germanic man. They are arranged in the chronological order of the SS magazine issues where they appeared, ranging from volume three in 1937 to volume ten in 1944. The original illustrations are also included.

The Publisher November 2004



## "Soul Capture..."

#### The Historical Development of the *Heiland* Poem (830 AD)

Ludwig "the Pious" is known to have, with downright furious Christian eagerness, done everything to wipe documents of Germanic culture from the face of the earth. That is how he earned the epithet "the Pious" in the Roman sense, for since Ludwig's work of destruction, Rome has not stopped contrasting Christian cultural peak against Germanic barbarism. Yes, Rome's mockery went so far as to derive the justification and obligation for the "mission" from the fact that Germandom languished in darkest superstition and lack of culture, and first had to be saved into a Roman-Christian "state of grace".

Centuries before Ludwig, a poetry had already existed in the Germanic region, namely the Heroes Song, the praise of women as well as customary slogans. This Germanic poetry, however, was exclusively passed down by word of mouth; above all, the heroic songs were the intellectual property of the

young men of the tribe.

Just as, for example, we have remnants of Nordic sailor sagas in the Odyssey, we find extremely ancient Germanic wisdom in the Edda collection at a later time. In the Hildebrandslied we encounter remnants of the old Germanic honor order, and in the Nibelunglied we witness the praise of loyalty to man. Down to the present day we find in peasant custom nurtured saying wisdom of Germanic origin, passed down verbally.

The whole Germanic region is interwoven with poetry about experiences, with praise of the strong and the beautiful. So, too, has world literature down to the present day been largely determined by poets with Nordic spiritual bearing. Ludwig's time was no exception. Rather, Ludwig realized that nothing would be as suited for his Christianization plans as a Christian

heroic song. He thus gave the assignment to a poetically talented priest of Germanic descent to create a heroic poetry that, in place of the "heathen heroic songs", should move the souls and hearts of the people of the Germanic region, and he hoped to thereby achieve a spiritual inclination to the cross among the Germanic people who still inwardly rejected Christianity. For Ludwig, the Heliand is purely poetry as a means. It is known that he even intended to pour the entire Bible into the form of a heroic poem.

"By coincidence", in the year 1894, fragments of the Germanic rewritten first book of Moses, so-called Genesis, the history of creation, were "found" in the Vatican, among other things.

We can only smile when we read there how the Jews under Moses' leadership are portrayed as a heroic folk with typically Germanic spiritual bearing, how they fight bravely, how they treat their enemies nobly, and how they proudly stride toward rule over the earth promised them by Jehovah. The Heliand poem appeared around the year 830 AD. The cleric assigned the composition took the language and form from the verbally passed down, popular heroes song.

So even today, when reading the Heiland, we feel a proud joy in the height of Germanic poetry and the purity of form, and are only disappointed that this so beautiful and powerful poem praises a non-Germanic hero.

Still, we can thank Ludwig "the Pious", that along the detour of the Heliand, we can still get a - even if distorted - picture of the spiritual height of Germanic man.

The Heliand brings in a great panorama of the life and death of the Nezarener Jesus, destined to be the son of God of eternity. None of the four gospels, which contradict each other, serve the author as the theological basis, rather a so-called gospel harmony, that means a mosaic readily constructed from all four gospels of the earthly life conduct of the son of god.

Thus it is not surprising when the figure of Jesus of Nazareth appears much more unified and resolute to the reader of the Heliand than to the reader of the original text of the Bible. The

author's talent can also be credited that the figure of Christ is downright sympathetic; he is, after all, portrayed as a mighty master, the team leader, the great blonde fighter for the Reich. The figure appears to have come from a single mold and has none of the contradictions of the Bible, which at one place portray Jesus of Nazareth as the gentle lamb and at another place as the avenging world judge who has come "to light a fire" with the words, "What more would I want, for it already burns?"

The attempt to apply the Germanic soul-language as foundation to a heroic song to Jesus of Nazareth is so successful for the writer, that even the whole atmosphere around Christ has been Germanized. The apostles of Jesus of Nazareth become Germanic nobles. All oriental features are consciously purged out; for example, it seems to come from itself that even the Bible's not exactly refined attitude toward women is replaced with Germanic politeness toward woman.

Women in the surroundings of Jesus of Nazareth - as well as all women under the influence of the apostles, who are glorified as a "heroic community" - are portrayed as beautiful and majestic. One cannot, of course, shout at such women, as happens in the Bible, rather the language of the Heliand apostles, especially when directed toward Canaanite woman as is the case here, must be kind and helpful. The high song of manly loyalty toward the team leader, the main content of early Germanic poetry, is eleverly fit into the Heliand written for a purpose. The cowardly betrayal by Petrus, who in the Heliand is promoted to "the best dagger" and "the quickest swordsman", thus becomes through higher purpose a glorified deed, from the Lord in Heaven's eternal providence, in order to praise the hero Christ as an extraordinary, lonely and obedient personality. Especially in this totally falsified betrayal scene of Petrus, the clever tactic of the soul catcher is recognizable, for Germanic man would not only have unable to understand the biblical original Petrus, rather he would have strongly resisted accepting such an apostle as a good example. Beyond that, Germanic man would have drawn conclusions from Petrus' betrayal about the personality of Jesses of Nazareth, who wanted to build on the rock of Petrus. One should compare the gospe's of the New Testament, insofar as they portray the bearing of the apostie toward their master, with the position of the Heliand apostles.

The mas advanced the first rate man Let us not sest this action spoke the loral fellow Or revisi his will rather stay with HimLolerate with the master, that is the follower's Glory. That he firmly stands at his ruler s side And steadfastly dies with him. Stand all of us With him. Follow his journey allow freedom and life to Be of total value to us when we ame I the filk I do with him the dear master then we Long have Among good men glory after death. So became the Apostles of Christ, The nobje born united in purpose Obedaint to the will of the moster

This makes it here to recognize how in the purpose oriented poem the heart of Germanic man is supposed to be ea<sub>t</sub> sured leaving behind biblical accuracy.

The hourgeois literature history observation has never held it necessary to examine precisely these questions rather been satisfied to note the "objective" beauty of the Heliand poem.

So far do German sensitivities suppress criental concept that if e mercifully meant refreshment that the man of Nazareth on the cross receives with the vinegar sponge is portraved in the Hel and as an unprecedented mockers. For nobody could have builded vinegar water to a Germanic hero at his hour of death, on top of that in a sponge? The other-worldiv mood of the New Testament is couldly pushed out by the nature-feeling and tife.

\* r heaven is close must make a retreat from the ethical will to prevenent to purification

Ladwig the Pious was elever enough to know that what a test not be achieved by the sword could perhaps succeed the ugh soul capture to bring the people under the cross in a fer to then have more control over them in terms of political power!

Precisely in this attempt by Ludwig we recognize that he considered the Christianization of the north to be so politically appartant, that he beaeved himself justified in using political war tracks and in soul capture.

count to the present day the attempts have not stopped to disguise the church's claim to political power with spiritual cloaking. One may consider however that Jewry is even then stal lewish when one for example garnishes the stories of the tall lessument with Germanic expressions.

SS Leitheft, Year 3, Issue 3, July 1, 1937.

## Attack against the Nordic Race-Soul

"For God, the Lord, it is a triumph, if you do not vanish before him, if you, instead of in the dust dully kneeling, stand magnificently."

Hebbel.

#### Germanic Bearing was exemplary!

The Reman historian Tacitias, who fived around the year 100 AD, reports of tierminic man that he had not been talsified through marriage with other folks, rather was a unique racially pure fook similar only to itself. We must proceed from this early historical time if we want to gain a measure for the racial-spiritual uniqueness of our ancestors. Like al. Nordic people they distinguish themselves through a coor object vity of thought and feeling, through a composed bearing, through darmg and leadership spirit through love of sport activity as well as a distinct sense for purity. The entirety of these characterishas bestows on its bearers that self-confidence and balance. which often so conspicuously distinguishes them from other races. These and other trans of the North race-soul whose uniqueness had been shaped through malennia of hard seize tion in the plains of Northern Cormany Denmark and South ern Sweden would along with the corresponding roccid bods condition have remained inchanged in our totk down to the present day if raically aften forces had not again and again influenced the book and soid of Germans

The attacks against the uniqueness of a race-sout can be di-

vided into two groups, those of intellectual-psychological kind, and in others, which change the gene pool. Both may appear equally dangerous, however, the intellectual-psychological is the esser evo, because each new growing generation presents the possibility to again remove the alien veneer, whereas the annu genes that enter the foot-body through mixture with other races can only be removed again in the course of many successive generations. Hence race-menture is the worst attack against the physical psychological structure of a race.

#### Intellectual-Psychological Alienation.

Among the intellectual-psychological influences distinctions must be made. Already in prehistory races and tolks had contact with their neighbors and aside from objects of all kinds, as exchanged intellectual values. This exchange has at all times had a stimulating and fertilizing effect on cultural development as long as the recipient was strong enough to process the threign object in such a way as to make it his own. So we have also received foreign influences from our neighbors, already in prehistory but at the same time Germanized them so that their origin is generally only recognizable to the trained researcher and sometimes not even to him. A threatening turn has arises of the foreign element overgrows the native element such an intellectual psychological alienation must then enuse a disturbance of the inser balance of the race-soul and may be able to impress on entire ages the stamp of anrest

#### Resistance Forces.

Naturally however healthy and vital Nordic tolks of Nordic race possess natural resistance forces which nations hold off the danger of a physical as web as of an intellectual-psychological alternation. These resistance forces to in Nordic

marriage law, which does not allow unions with the blood a ien, or however, where it occurs do not accept the resultant offspring into the blood community of freemen and nobles as well as in all the inherited custom, which accompanies the whole life of the fosk-comrades and protects the treasure of sacred inheritance against the influences of alien spirit. Since these customs also encompass marriage law body and soul of Nordic man was protected by it. Only when the attack was simultaneously launched against both, did a serious danger emerge which among the Nordic folks of antiquity led in relatively short time to to kish decline.

When Germanic man around the tone of Christ entered history he taked in the west and in the south of his folk territory the Roman empire, which housed a mixture of the most diverse takes and was only held together by a thin Nordic leader stratum. Old Roman-Nordic essence had already died out down to sparse remnants, so that valuable influences on the race-soul of the Northern folks were not to be directly espected from there the spiritual culture of Nordic tendency set down in the writings of Roman antiquity did not have an effect until much later So in the first centuries of collision, we see more rejection of alten essence than the opposite.

#### Effect on Christianity.

This situat in charged between as Christianth grad a ly won more and more influence over our ancestors. It did not ust bring them an exercisedly alien world that caused a revention as thought and feeling rather it also simulationally undermined with its teaching of the equality of people the raisal structure of i folk which indeed treated as racially alien prisoners its war quite humanicly but as bondsmen without freedom timelamentally kept upon trom the blood community of the freedom who formed the actual folk. At the moment that a bridge was creeted here began the race mixture and its enter-

struned expansion to all sundry races that turned our German talk into a mixed-tolk, in which the Nord-c blood portion is today ally about 50% of the whose so that we must now seek means to strengthen it again. How great was once the contrast between the church's view which anowed marital union between freeman and subjects and hence promoted race-in youre. and the old inherited Germanic view, is shown that among most Germanic tribes marriage between freeman and bondsmen was pureshable with death or at least the child from such a unon of the more wicked hand" followed and was hence excitided from the blood community of the free. At the same time to, primarily other-worldly directed gaze of Christianity named the eye so far away from the health and beauty of the hods so that these for the condition of a folk so important maracteristics to a considerable degree leastwise among the people standing most strongly under retigious influence lost their value or terms of selection. Further the racial-hearth promoting physical exercises and competitions of our weaponhappy ancestors were replaced by pessimistic penitence exereses and castigations, which had different racia, or gins than the read ness of the Germanic warrior to willingly endure pain and deprivation in the straggle for honor and freedom

#### Revaluation of Woman and Marriage.

Since Christianity had emerged in the distant orient at had to despite the Nordic influences it had absorbed from Persia and Greece - a so stand in substantial opposition to the moral feelings of our ancestors. That demonstrates itself above all in the valuation of the woman in whom German is man according to the report of Tacitus viewed something sacred and prophetic whereas the church thought essentially differently. The church father Tertultian raround 200 ADI called woman the door of the device the church father and saint Chrysostopius caround 400 ADI the enemy of friendship a punishment that

the man cannot escape a with color whitewashed evil of nature." A Frankish church assembly considered in all seriouspess whether the term human could be applied to woman. In the year 1189 Jews and women were prohibited to attend the coronation of King Richard of England because they were under suspicion of witchcraft. The witchcraft hysteria ted by the church, which already started to spark at the time of the Karolinger, assumed ever more drastic forms in the later Middle Ages and ied to one of the most hum liating treatments of woman such as has at all times been unendurable to healthy Nordic feeling.

fundamentally different was also the judgment of marriage For Germanic man, it was a God-willed astitut on protected by sacred customs, which guaranteed the enduring survival of the class and hence of the tolk community. For the apostle Paulus, according to Corinthians E it appeared a kind of protective measure to g and against something worse. I ven it later in the course of German history devout Christians, from their Nordic nature developed views of marriage that d d not run counter to Germanic moral feeling, the basic opposition has nonetheless never been eliminated, because the words of the Bibie, especial v as set forth in ther writings of Paulus cannot be given any other meaning. A result of the lower valuation of marriage was the demand for the clerey not to marry and the founding of To sters for manks and nuns. These measures led not only to a wider extent to a confusion of moral concepts, rather also prodoced again and again manifestations of deform ty whose renewed discovers has precisely today aroused such paint, at tention

#### Disruption of Law and Custom.

In turisprudence as well, the old inherited views were loosened. The old Germanic clan constitution already dissolved during the conversion period, aside from the praiseworthy ex-

cept in of the Dithmarsian clan federations, who still held a ing time and were violently suppressed only around the turn in in the Middle Ages to the later age. Since the High Middle Ages ate Roman law was also gradually introduced among us, A 1ch had inflicted severe wounds on our Nordic feeling of aw and only in our time has again been pushed back step by step. The German peasant wars are not in small measure to be a iderstood as a rebellion against the alien law teachings. The in the Nordic race especially unique rootedness in home soil as suffered damage. The word home and its derivations like meland home-bred, homelike with its powerful emphasis of fee ing are unique in the Germanic languages and cannot be trans ated into foreign ones. When the took wandering fore Cerman com his old homeland, he could no longer put Jown roots under the influence of Christianity because the new doctrine considered this earthis world just a temporary place for the immortal soul, whose most important task was to strive for the heavenly homeland. Admittedly, this contradic tion was bridged over by patriotic German men who were dewell Christians but the separation of the worlds from the other wor div and their different valuation, remains a principle it Christianity which is alten to the nature of German man

#### The Attack against Instinct and Healthy Human Reason.

Furthermore in the sphere of science an early and gradually nereasing opposition developed between faith and research which even today has not been overcome above a lamong scientists standing under church influence. Since the traditions of the Bible not seldom contradicted the inescapable knowle lige of human reason in the Middle Ages one invented the embar russed southern of the twofold truth, whereby however the the nogical truth outranked the philosophical truth. In the Age of the Refermation the church even resorted to burning people

who thought differently as shown among many others by Gordano Bruno's example and also by Galile: who barely escaped, when he proposed that the earth orbits the sun

### "Faith" Inhibits Knowledge of the Holy Order.

It becomes clear that the most sensitive of all value spheres religen, was most vulnerable to the danger of aben influences, although precisely here again the strongest resistance made it self felt and the Germanic way of remeious thought eventually mod fied Christianity to a not small extent. The main opposition between Nordic and oriental view lies in that for oriental man religion to a large extent is the faith or specific doctrines, whereas for Nords, man it means a spiritual bearing that in thought and action feels bound and obligated to eternal powers Therefore the German has in his mother tongue no word for the for han alien concept of "religion" which is taken from the Latin, while he calls the rel gives bearing characteristic to him 'frets. That during the conversion one or the other individual concepts of the old god faith disappeared - which was itself limited in time and space is of less importance more important however, was the disrupt on of the sld Nordic concept of the divine world order in which Germinic man left safe Above all along with Christianity came as the curse of aben spirit the religious intoterance into our folk and it has inflicted the most terrible devastations in the course of a thousand-year lustors. Furthermore the doctrine of riginal vin, which had been totally mice imprehens ble to our free and nebly born ancestors, since their racial nature could appear to them to be as intile the root of exil as the world protected by the gods. Magard - the garden of the middle could have been suspicross. To produce this faith among the battle-lossing and danger-lov ng Germanic man could probably not even have been achieved by the fates of the time of wandering, if the early covered simultaneous attack from all sides had not shaken the sure matinet of its feeling itself. Only now could the peasant and warrior, whose soul, as *Professor Gunther* so fitting expresses it feels good in the world and in its body, turn into the man bowed by sin-consciousness, who yearns to escape from the misery of this world into a better world and wants to be saved from all earthly evil.

#### The Struggle for a New Unity.

The entirety of these influences on the uniqueness of the Nordie soul in combination with race mixture pushed Germanic man off the course of development that he had, unerring and sed confident, walked for mi lennia, and caused a revaluation I his most important values. However, since a hearthy racial core nonetheless remained, the Nordic race-soul never died completely rather strove again and again even if amid mighty setbacks such as the 1h rts Years War produced toward its natural life. The spiritual struggles of Meisler Fekart, Martin I ther Eriedrich Nietzsche are stretches along the path to a renewal of Nordic essence from its deepest racia, roots. Indeed, the dangers that threaten the Nordic race - as a result of the faradvanced race-mixture and the too low birth rate of Norgic I ks are today perhaps more than ever before in its entire history but we have above all one advantage over past cras-the knowledge of the racial basis of all culture. That presents us with the double task to increase the portion of our folk's Northe blood by increased birth rate and then to shape all its life expressions from Nordic spirit

v. Hoff, SS-Stat

SS Leitheft. Year 3, Issue 3, July 1, 1937

Whoever only works with whole soul, never errors. He does not need to split hairs, for no power is against him.

Hölderlin

SS Leathoft, Year 3, Issue 3, July 1, 1937

### Faith

A word-view proves itself in times of great decisions. We are deeply convinced that the fighting strength of the German army is untimately rooted in the German fock's strength of faith Nordic man cannot live and cannot fight without faith. Preusely the length and severity of this war demand the indispensable backbone of the world-view. At the beginning of the war, we in ght have beneved we could postpone spiritual matters We had long been clear that the new ordering of Europe could in y be triumphantly decided through the world-view super oris of National Socialism Now, for the great number of our falk contrades, religious concepts are overhurdened and talsified Grough the ominous double face that the church bas given to the God experience of the German folk. The separation of cool and world, of body and soul, of earth y and heavenly, has spened a chasm in all people with religious feeting, that has not led to a total sickening of the soul of European man only because despite charch and dogma so much positive healthy 1) th energy was present - especially in the European Germanic center - that the disease cells could each time, despite ind vidual catastrophes, be suppressed, if they became a mortal threat to the folks

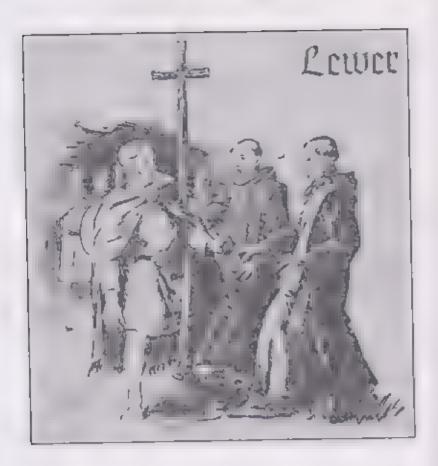
We must defend ourselves in two directions. First against the church opponent, whose dogma systems have indeed been long wereome secentifically-philosophically but whose followings. Hargely consists of those fundamentally good Germans who live from those sacred Germanic values and customs which the church integrated into its orbit in time, and then against those contemporaries, who believe they can decipher the secret of the and evolution in the world purely rationally, and who instead of the immeasurable creative energy of nature that creates thousandfold admirable secrets in the development of every new human life in the orbit of stars and in the world of the atom see technical processes and contuse the law and the

number that nature to lows with the ultimatery mexplicable and only rengiously to be experienced and entirenergy that itself rules within these things. It is certain that our whole creative Life be it in the sphere of sculpture be it in that of poetry philosophy or the natural sciences moves for centuries outside the sphere of the church Schiller and Groethe Kant, Schopenbauer and Nietzsche have built their world outside this sphere I ven the churches themselves live where they are still somewhat alive, from the Germanic that means the timeless, which even if covered and bent is stuck inside them. There where the daily bread is broken in reverence before creation. Lives the old pious meaning. There where a master porsues his handiwork in loyalty and masterful perfection, the same meaning is alive Our will for selection of the best is a demand that stems from the inner calling of Germanic man. God's voice is not dead Our folk lives, where it creates the unique where it heroically end ires the unique, so to speak sure like a sleepwalker to lowing this voice.

Earth is not funciful surmise. It presupposes a bond to God. A conscious integration of our whole political and interlect at actively our mora action, must spring from it if we want to be nistified to utter this word. Certainly, thousands and thousands. of Germans act from faith and have in the past required neither a phrosophical system for their action nor wil, they require it in the lut-re-they act based on their conscience, which is the create seternal voice within man. This fact however does not grevate us over the necessity to clearly speak out and coherently portray what is last instinct and stronger than before the Light seeking will toward our own shaping of existence and its human obligations. The SS Leithelt issues want to give building blocks for that This issue represents a bog nning. What we need is a uniform overall view of the cle-laws from which also emerge the moral norms for our action as individual. Much must still be said in the language of our time and under consideration of the psychological prerequisites under which we live We are also very conscious of the imperfection of what can already be expressed. But greater than the difficulties is our this need, especially now in war for clarity and honest openness.

ođ.

SS Letthefi, Year 8, Issue 4, 1942



# Rather to the Devil in Hell...

The autumn day slipped outward onto the mists expanse of the sea. The last right tell from the trees, and darkness arready started its march across the land. The evening came moist and cold.

At the wide-open window of his king's hall stood Ratbold. Fire biazed in the channes and cast its right onto the fall ag st tsed in the toggy grey of the joviess evening

The king remembered again the nick joy and sorrow of the list days. Heavy responsibility rested on his shoulders. The nely man held judgment over himself and his land, and he had to bear all the burden of the mistorium alone through the night.

The Battle at Wyk de-Duerstede was lost toming generations will drivel about it as about all battles, will note the event oke every event in war between folks. But they will never know what thoughts burned in the mind of the man who saw be blossom of his tolk die between its time. They will rever know how it broke his heart, when he swang the flashing sword yer the heads of the blonde warriors who fought in the ranks of the enemy.

The firstan king turned his head around and stared long into the fire. His hand rubhed his forehead from the sea of flaines emerged figures and placed themselves before his eves. Was tent truty the image of Asgisls? The dead king stood before lum as if alive. Then he started a conversion with him. You wanted to break hostinty with friendship, when you allowed will brord the clene into the land. You hoped he would keep his premise. The envoy of the fereign faith only sowed unrest used aarred. He has destroyed Friesland. Then I took the sword called to war against the enemy who threatened the land's free dain. Friesland should be free free like the light waves of the sea free like the thunder when it roars over the firests. But too great was the enemy's number. The enemy has triamphed hear, dead one, triumphed?"

Desperation spoke from his words

The tribe breeds to death' Strength wanes, it tenfold stronger because the master in Rome devotes ever new arm es is the achievement of power the enemy penetrates into our land to destroy the north's freedom'. There was a long silence in the wide room.

I ven more clear v did the dead kine v mage step before the hurting eye

I must preserve peace for the land, save the lobes afte from foreign power. Yes, it should continue to sew fields and build, plant seed into fertile set, and protect the fields against the floods of the sea. Friesland should remain the dixes should not sink!

"Yes, king, Friesland should live! Your goal was the same as more. You tried to reconcide the enemy, when you saw that he came with super or force. I definants offered him the sword. Are we not both sons of the sea, sprouts of the same earth? Who had proven the home and a native nature? Will introducing his song to you. The priests curse me, because I resisted them, when they came to behind e.m. fork. But they agritated the Frankish army to enter the land and now reap the harvest of blood that flowed through our swords.

"I isten. Asgist I wish to tollow your example from now on if I can. The bishop of Sens is supposed to come to Eriesland. I want to invisell receive haptism. For Friesland mist I ve.

The king policd the sword from the sheath stepped into the fretight and held the blade into the light. The sword was still sharp, but it should not happen again that a small band of defiant warmors oppose a superior enemy force with weapon. For the sake of life, he was determined to offer peace. And the contempt with which he had despised the crucified god sank in this hour of desperation.

. . . . . .

It was supposed to become a victors of the cross when the king of the I rise ins who had defied the teachings of the church for so long, received baptism from the hand of the bishop. Priest hands had prepared everything we considered and calculating.

There has the place which the bishop had selected for the baptism (there was a prayer house nowhere in Friesland, where one could have performed the sacred act) a bright morning feil upon the land. Men and women had gathered to witness the speciac e that the church offered. The winden cross, creeted by ervants of the church, juffed high

A l brord, the bishop of threcht, along with his alix William von Sens and an enfourage arrived at the site. Quietly imphant. Rome's envoys walked to the esevated place where king's baptism was supposed to take place. Before all eyes, a haptism water was to be poured onto the king's head and tink would witness how the most defiant a ng would affirm the faith of the cross.

The neighbor of steeds and the clap of hooves signalled his mixed. Next to him rode trimoaid his dauchier's busband of mixes with spears and swords followed. When the king arming from his horse and walked to the bishops, who had all its taken position at the sides of the erected cross the whole mide of the north glastened in his eyes. An unbroken warmer winted to how his head. His gaze rigidly went over the men and women who stood stiently in a circle as he stepped before the cross.

Wultram the bishop of Sens, now started to speak, far audible

In nomine patris et fila et spiritus sancti! See it is a great time that nears over the representatives of God on earth. Kings and mehts lords begin to hear the message of salvation!

With the ferver of the convertor, he called out the words

Men and women of Fries and, as your king today affirms the sixtent becomes thristian through the water of baptism, so should you for throw yourself at the feet of the about its God will sent his son to earth to purge your sin-guilt too, and to say, you frim go It and damnation.

None of the hystanders inderstood the meaning of the words. In a priests stood in the hairsmirt cowns with him big downward screen behind the talking bishop. Armed I ranks at right and lett provided prefect on The cross jutted overhead, like a term of threat.

Ratbod's ever wandered over to the bishop, stopped at the colorful talar mised met the unclear gize of Rome's delegate came back again and confirmed to him anew how different a king's from a priest. Behind the high torchead came a thought An insurmountable barrier separates the kings of Germania from the priests of Rome.

The bishop mixed Latin sentences into the baptism sermon. The words of the ceremony flew across the site like lost night birds and found nowhere the hearts of the listeners. Their effect was lost like the mist spread by the incense. The high point of the ceremony seemed past. Raibod's eye surely and firmly mustered the band of his peopse, who like he himself lacked reverence.

The priest portraved the blessedness of the baptised and painted the heil terments of the damned who did not want to asten to the word of the high prest in Rome New Wulfram of Sens turned to Ratbod himself.

So take then king, the water of baptism, so that you freed from all sin, one day enter heaven with the flocks of the faithful, to sit at the right of all knowing God from etern to eternity, while all those go to hell who died without baptism?

Ratbod's voice interrupted the tacking bishop

He asked in the language of his ancestors. "You have sit d, priest. I shall come into heaven, if I have myself baptised." Now tell me priest, where are my parents, who are all dead and were not baptised?"

Horror swept through the ranks of the band of priests, because the sacred act had unexpectedly been interrupted. The bishop, completely in the tervor of the conversion untered the words.

"Ab of them are with the devil in hell because they died as heathens!"

Then Radbod smashed the earthen pan bas n with the sacred water so that the pieces fell to the ground crashing. And he hurled his free word into the cieric sitace.

Then I wish to tell you, priest I go rather to my parents to the devil in heal than with you priests to heaven!

Gerhart Schinke

### Marked

I.

The Christian doctrine wants to break natural man. By what of it he ieves it must destroy and mutilate a work from the st it's hand, is not discernible to a reverent disposition. But at this happens is a fact. You know the crocked head stance the picus, the hypocrites and numerous pupils of this an That their scul is broken is betraved to you by their . Their body is marked for nature is trathful. A deformaf the soul s in it, directly and simultaneously a deformathe body "Their neck is broken this inner fate s proers I to you by the head bent down to the side and to rward of this example tell you that your posture is an expression of r character, yes that it is this character used directly. If have remained inwardly anbroken and straight then you and man y and upright. Your post are is proved a creek straight. alst II Your aspect to be you that the creater has bestowed along with the upright posture something very special If he are created you not is an animal rather as a human . I dignety and natural nobility as a haman is expressed in to ne more strengty than in your upright post ite. You now ... withat at the same time this places a special object on and expense boils upon you has must not allow the straightness of are posture and hence of your character to be taken from you we hose who are marked as inwardly and outward v broken

You now know perhaps what arrocant insolence lies in that is a genuine ham atv. Behind this arroganic lies nothing other has the hate instruct of the inferior against the higher and natural which one does process meself, the resentment this appeared rected hating by the inferior is the mot and the cause of last research for the breaking of natural man.

You however betray through your posture that you have manly and proudly disciplined your body and your soul. You are neither broken not bent and bence artificially made the same as those who, on the basis of their natural interiority, cannot do otherwise than to hate put down and devalue everything that is high, noble and straight.

#### Ш.

Just like the breaking of natural man, so do the most pronounced representatives of the Christian faith pursue the deadering of inwardness, too. Vivacity and life joy, love and pass on, the impresided enjoyment of the natural and the beautiful, are in themselves already sinful, they must be suppressed and deadened. Once this has happened, then the man is robbed of the actuality in his soul. He has lost the deepest and innermost, which the creator has put inside him. Sou less cold tool remains left, only executing will and service reason, dead is disposition in its richness and in its fullness, dead is the innermost of the soul.

You know that the eye is the mirror of the soul. You not ce that everyday when you look into the bright radiant clear eyes of your chodren. And not that a one. The blood libed freshness the living softness and purity of their limbs and their skin is for you toe bodily reflection of the cleanliness, the treshness and the bright lightness of their souls.

Do you now understand the odd image you encounter in those whose inwardness has been deadened. Their gaze is glassy and rigid, horlow and empty. Whatever you notice is according to their variety - flickering insecurity or also fanatical coldness -, which is odd to you and childs you. You do not like among your children at home—see clear undisturbed water deep and bright rad ant and open at the same time. Nature has here drawn a dark ye. before the sour for it mourns for the murder that was committed against its aniermost. This is the

The strain schools as well as those who became the victims of the exercises. And again those who have jost their inner through deadening, bear in their face that oddly pale and cless skin. Nature has doubted marked them. Their skin, too onger rad ates in purity and morning freshness. I ke among or children. It betrays to you that they still only contain an a ridness within them as a corpse.

You now know and with you, too, the life of your soul and it inwardness radiate from your eye and shines from the And if you do not want to lose what makes your child still ondisturbed, so pure and close to creation, then you must not come the inwardless of yourself or of others, must not mure it disposition and the actual soul. You should form it imprint cannoble it, under circumstances also control and curb it but it deaden it. Only so do you remain despite all dose pline at cosme time pure and close to God like your child. And never divoid all is yourself to be misused as a soul-cold tool for its hish purposes, schemed up by those who must hate the disease of its parity, its brightness and its clarity because its themselves earry cythand darkness within themselves.

Lodwig Fickstein

SS Leuheft, Year R, Issue 6, 1942

A good tree stands straight with trunk and crown, unconscious of itself, from God's mercy and for man's pleasure, asks not for praise or reward.

Will Vesper

SS Lettheft, Year 8, Issue 6, 1942

## "One Day You Will Have to Choose Between the Church and Germany"

King Friedrich II von Hohenstablen appeared to take the six if the double of the Orand Master of the Orman Order its coolly also are dentally one could not see how much it is rhed him. He summoned Herr von Winterstetten and in red objectively and in calm tone about the rules for the new of an Herr von Winterstetten answered in detail, assuring that he becoming a glit y alternied by the king's repeated only in that only the chapter of the order would decide and it any outside influence from any quarter was impossible.

studenty the King Ericdrich stood up, stepped over to the
 ent his voice was not load, but yet an unmistakable command

wish Herr von Sa za to be elected Grand Mister. You have ne enough of the improbable when you brought the aid from to Germany. Lam sure of you in this too?

the extra groups not this had Herr con Willenstellen exexed he winted to raise chiections to urge to consider but the literature considered the matter settled and dismissed the significant with much friendliness.

Jent's later he learned more. The Papal State in Rome also deals paid dangerous attention to the order it had more than excled up to then, and strove for a triand Master of its ews. The resistance against Herr son Saiza was stubborn and substantial.

Many I tredrich turned the game around and gave the outward impression he had turned against Herr von Saiza. Maix indues brought the news to Cardina. Secretary von Ost a one



Hermann von Salza the great master of the order who farsightedly developed the order as the guarantor of the Reich As clear sign that in the German Knight Order's times of strength—the Grand Master was not responsible to the Pope, rather to the Kaiser, it displayed in its coat of arms the Reich Lag e-which had been bestowed on it by the Kaiser

mmander Unexpected vithe Papa State reversed itself sidency Rome promoted the ejection of Herrivon Salza with transe fervor which then came almost unanimously. When he figured out that it had fallen into the king's wicked trap towas too late. There was nothing to do, but store a deep rage for more appropriate days.

med ately after the election, the new Grand Master was minored to the king. King Friedrich approached him with above the king is filled with victory his voice rangout.

ermany wishes you luck. Herr you Salza!

Saddenly the Grand Master believed he comprehended everynamed asked withle overcoming his last suspicion "Did Your majesty — do this?"

thanks with in entirely open face the king repried

Yes! The Grand Commander von Salza owes me an answer hoes the Grand Master now have a goal for his order?"

Herr you Salza long remained scient, then he was overcome is no Friedrich clearly heard from his voice the deep emotion

he Grand Commander as well as the Grand Master has ris me goal set by God it is called Germany and it is given into Your Majesty's hand."

king Friedrich smiled fine proud and immediately spoke of stat must appen. The order should, re-cased from its but a tulfil a bard and great task to recount the nation's best sites to become a sword community independent of nebles and other influence, that stands only under the king again care 2 kingly power on bare weapons through Germany

Fascanated, the Grand Master followed the forcetony sice and artisped the king's narrow hand with visible emotion at the conclusion.

Final Majesty can count on mc? Only in relie ous matters set the order stand under the church here there is a school duty fixhich your Majesty has not speken. Whoever is object on the powers can alone perhaps still reconcre both forces. I will to devote my life to it may find helping.

Yadden y something odd confus . Ira ten ng happened

With a swift, yet controlled movement. King Friedrich pulled back his hand. The tight in his eyes played in parasysed alienation. So might the Cherub have looked like before he felt from God and now this cherub attered something shocking.

"Do not promise it. Herr von Salza" You cannot keep it! One day you will have to choose between the church and Germany, between the Son of Mary—and me!"

Grev with boundless terror, the Grand Master looked into the king's burning, bright face.

Your Majesty, do not tempt God, you Majesty, do not tear the world asunder!"

For a moment long the odd light in the king's eyes held firm the Grand Master, then it seemed to go out. The handsome, superior mouth spoke controlled and calm as usual.

"Herr von Salza, do you know the man who calls himself Hugo von Ostia?" The king seemed objective again. Swiftly, in order to free himself from the impression of the just experienced the Grand Master replied.

"The Pope's Cardinal Secretary"

King Friedrich huried back his locks his eyes suddenly appeared hard, sharp, cold

"He is still concea ed by the radiance one day you will know what he is and that might sear the world asunder!"

From 60 F. Anders. The Traveller of the World. Truckenminer Verage. Stuttgart.

Streets B Year 9 Assue 2 Library 913

## The King's Judgment

King Heinrich sat on the old judge's seat of Karl the Great hariemagne, under the linder not far from the Rottwe'l plot, arrounded by his Polatine adges, and around him in wide half-circle the people.

Many bishops 100 were with the king, for it was the first time 12the administered his king's office without assistance

A veoman accused a monk of forcible violation of his daugh-

I welve oath helpers stood at the side of the free peasant welve oath helpers brother monks of the accused stood at his side.

I welve oaths balanced each other

Worked things had been told the king about the activities of he coster monks and from his judge's seat King Heinrich and well see that the people stood on the side of the peasant, and that only respect for the king kept them from uttering insults against the monks.

With ris daughter it his hand, the peasant demanded justice. Across from him stood the monks, casted the girl a white. A growling murm it went through the ranks of the people.

The accused was from a prominent house and his clan bad off no means infried to intimidate the seoman, they had threat ned him with fire and sword, if he did not withdraw his accust on. But the brave man had remained strong and tooked into to king is face, free and open, and deni inded his right.

Inte monk however when the king looked into his eyes, lowered his gaze to the ground.

The king had the girl step closer and when she had overcome ner sname. King Heinrich already saw from her even that she spoke the truth

Hie gir said the priest had heard her centession and ordered her as punishment for her sins, to say the Lord's Prayer twelve thes at her mother's grave in the cemeters. From there he forced her into his cell and overpowered her. She had screamed and detended herself, but nobody in the cloister stirred a hand. The next morning the abbot had her taken to him and made her the suggestion to remain in the cloister as a maid.

Her father, however, had gone to the cloister with a group of armed men, whereupon she was released

The abbot stepped forward and swore by all the saints that the girl fied But God would now he p truth to triumph, and judgement should fall to God. The accused monk was writing to undergo test by fire.

Disp eased, the young king shouted' "How long will people still believe in such magic?"

Horrif ed all who had heard the words looked at each other and the hishops shocked, palled back from the king

King Heinrich, who saw he had gone too far said. "If you believe that eternal God will perform a miracle, then let me see it."

The twelve monks brought plates - which they already had ready in front of King Heinrich's this ne

They came by twos, each holding a single plate, eyes directed toward heaven in prayer

A cloister servant, however, brought a wooden grate and Indit down in front of King Heinrich's judge's seat.

And they prayed loadly for God to help truth triamph and save their innocent brother from the devil's taions.

Among the people who listened to that however great excitement over the king's careless words had made the people terribly agitated

Then the brothers came again, and each carried a massive woosen log praying and eyes raised toward heaven. And they piled the wood and made a big tire that biazed high

King Heinrich, however sat unmoved on his seal and acted as it he did not hear the b shop's displeased whispering and the agitated marniuring of the people.

The manks however placed the iron plates into the fire and the abbot called alm ghts God as witness that the brother was innocent and that everything one said about his cloister was unsame time to divert from his closser the increasing misfortime that he feared.

King Heinrich's eves however glistened, for he had seen through the abbot's plan.

I c priest praved louder and louder affirmed before eternal and the innocence of his cloister brother and asked the almost the judge to reveal before all the people that the accuser at as daughter were tars possessed by the devil but the girl ask to all deserved death by fire because she had unjustly accused a pious brother.

King Heinrich shouted "Do you want to pass the king's deement, priest? God has called the king to the judge's office industry the abbot of Rottweil! Meanwhile the plates had become growing red hot, and so that all the people could see that exerciting was in order two cloister brothers blew air into the fire with large bellows.

Then others brought a chair sat the accused monk on it and put his feet into a fin pan. It was full to the run, and the abbot and with load voice that is was necessary for the brother to step beture his divine sadge with clean feet.

King Heinrich, however saw that the fluid in the pan had a blue shimmer

A fer they had washed the brother's feet without drying bein he stood up and raised both hands in prayer

The monks, however took tongs gripped the glowing plates and placed them at a distance of one step from the wooden grate. And they were so hot, that the grate caught fire and steamed.

— he abnor however took the brother by the hand and led him to the glowing plates.

Now bear witness, eternal God he shouted, that our brother is innocent!"

And the accused walked across the glowing iron as if they were cool stones.

And all the people screamed, and the girl screamed the load-

est.

The yeoman, however, pulled up his daughter, who had fall on to the ground, and shouted she was a whore'

And the monks screamed and roared that she deserved death and the people were st ff and did not know what they should think.

King Heinrich however did not beat an evelash and just looked silently at the girl who had thrown herseif at his feet

Then he spoke with a loud voice "Let us see if God stands by his judgement!"

"You commit an outrage King Heinrich" the bishops shouted loudly

"Make the plates hot again!" the king called

But nobody wanted to stir

The young knights who always surrounded the king then stepped up, seized the plates with the fire-tongs, and threw them into the fire added new wood, and blew with the bellows into the fire.

The monks, however screamed and shouted that was a blaspheme against eternal God

Only the abbot realized what the king wanted, and he became pale white with horror,

Do you feel of abbother the king asked him

He gave no answer.

And the hishops entreated King Heinrich to refram from his blaspheme.

Bind up your garment! King Heinrich called to the girl

And with the fire tongs, the young knights placed the plates, which glowed even more intensely than betwee onto the wooden grate, and they were so hot that the wood burst into blue flames.

And two monks rushed up and wanted to lead the get but the king called with loud voice. Stop! That is not your office!"

And he stepped from his judge's seat took the girt by the hand and said. If it was necessary for the cleric to step before his Lord God with a can feet, then it is no less necessary for the girl to do the same.

And he told the girl to sit on the stool, and he himself put her feet into the pan of tin.

In the process he saw that the contents were a thick fluid and transparent like blue crystal.

But the people who saw it trembled with excitement and did in I know what they should say

then the king told the trembling girl to stand ap, and he handle fled her toward the glowing iron

And when she feartury hesitated a moment to step onto the first plate he said kindly. I know that you are innocent so be completely comforted!"

he girl then took courage and walked across the glowing ron as if they were cool stones. And after she had crossed con her feet d d not show the slightest little bl-ster.

The people, however, cried out, and the monks cried out, too. But they knew, why!

fine peasant, however, pulled his child to him and pressed her unst his breast so that she atmost suffocated.

I to bishops however were amazed and did not know what to take of it. Several of the monks however, attempted to break through the crowd.

But the king shouted with oud voice. Stop them?

A few hearty men se zed the black robes and again brought term before the king's indee is seat.

the however, called several knights had them closely watch to monks, and ordered. Make the fron hot yet again

All were rigid with amazement and nobody knew what the king was driving at.

The bishaps, too, no longer spoke a word

The young keights made the plates hot for the third time

And master Heinrich had a new pan brought full of fresh was at and spoke with load voice. New God should tell us, shether the abbot has spoken the pure truth. And a bishop should wash his feet with hely water, so that he can step before ad sip digement seat complete siclean?

The abbot however screamed with horror and retised and estitled with all his might. But they forced him onto the seat

and one of the bishops washed his feet with fresh consecrated water.

And although he struck and kicked out with hand and foot, they led him with force across the glowing plates, and when his foot touched the first plate a stinky smoke rose up, and the wind carried the toul stench of burned flesh over the excited spectators.

The abbot however screamed and fell to the ground unconscious

Then the monk threw himself at the king's feet and confessed his guilt. And the king sentenced him to death

The abbot and the other monks, however, he had whipped from the cloister with rods.

The shocked people however kneeled down and praved

And although the bishops and later many a man beseeched him to explain the matter. King Heinrich remained stient

News of the judgement however flew through the whole Reich, arousing terror and aston shinest

53 Leitheft, Year 1944, Edition S, Issue 1

God does not reveal himself in supernatural miracles, rather in the sacred order of nature.

SS Leitheft Year 1944, Edition S, Issue 1



Life / Monument model by Rudolf Agricola

## Franz Faber's Speech

From the left behind, yet unpublished novel by Hermann Stehrs, "Damian Maechler or the Great Razor":

Franz Faber, the poet philosopher, speaks in the year 1923 in an assembly, in which an aposite of the religious secturian and dreamer Hauster agitates for his "lord and master", who back them confused the dispositions of many people.

Franz Faber spoke

The man you have tast beard - or more accurately in whose name and spirit he has spoken to us—calls the centuries and time as crown witnesses to his allegedly truths. But whoever does that is strick dead by the centuries and time. He wants to hammer two things into us first that people can only find their salvation again, if they allow their thought as we has their action to be solely directed by the revelations of the Bible and the teachings of the Christian church and second that only the carcallistances of the time are decisive for the corruption of people.

Let us for once speak with fearless seriousness about the Bible and Christianity<sup>1</sup>

Who among us can still manage to actually to literally believe in the Biblical creation of the world in paradise in the fall of man the family free of Jesas in the death and redemption in the Bible as the iterally revealed voice of trod or in his trenty? We have seen through the dipoisness of most of the so-called historical evidence and still permit others merely as symbols. By Christianity we understand something completely different than the Middle Axes or the present churches. Did this Christianity not die long again the Middle Axes? Does it not just appear to live on within church walls? Outside those in the relations between the Christian tolks nothing more of Christianity is to be felt, above all since the First World War. Did at not represent the bioodiest treas of the value of the Christian education work of the Christian churches on humanity? Precisely the Christian fooks, after centuries of emoyment of salvation, butchered each other with a bestia ity the leaves any concervable atrocity of heathen times far far behind. And one should not teil me that the churches did not have power to oppose this bioodbath prepared by the folks! The Pope, the bishops, the church councils, the book synods just had to withheld the community's means of salvation from each fighter, and a shock would have gone through the world. Mallons of raised arms would have falten, and the World War would have turned into a general Christian persecution from which the old institution would have triemphant's risen in new radiance.

Out of considerations of political practicality resistance was not dared, which in the innermost essence of the teachings of Jesus would have been founded which all Christian churches proclaim in vain. Who goes into the churches again today? Only those lost in life frightened to death, who in the general chaotic apheaval seek shelter in an institution which, parely outwardly, at it stands with old steadlastness. They have a gentine passion to experience the delusion of their iost laith in the sensual enjoyment of all ceremonies, as if it were still the truth of their genuine taith. These spiritually flabbergasted people confusedly call their fear contemplation, their ite-four regret, their sealest genesical conditions return, these scared off people will again leave the old, honorable emergency shelter and the churches will stand more empty than before the war.

The serious men of the whole world however know that Je sus of Nazareth, whom one calls thrist never came up with the idea to frand a church. They know that the knowledge of this invistical man rested in the forch of an idea ism, that so purified and elevated the demands of individualism, that they became God's commandments, to whom he fell to be as crose as a blood son, and who passionately rejected cursed and persecuted any obligation over this over world's bond, be these fel-

ters called honorable historical traditions, how commandments of the church or human community. The man of Nazareth, who seemed to himself to have been sent into life as a torch, who instead held it to be his task to, instead of peace, bring strugg eand hostility even into the scared sphere of the family, and who was not alraid to against the revetations of the B big put all over-worldly security a I heavenly reward and divine enjoyment of essence arto the miside of man, and to limit the relationship to the state to a demand of worldly wisdom, he recogn red man's born divinity as did Laotse and Buddha bet ire him, and the church that bears his name on the front of its temple, conducted and conducts stir, today the business of a Desigjewskian grand ing asitor against his teachings and person. Because it contradicted its imperulistic instinct for power it suppressed every word of the man of Nazareth, which has been spoken from the soul of a a people of the time before and of the time after heaven is with a you yourself a realization that is the bood of the teachings of Buddha as well as I aotze, and before which Emerson and Kant bow in reverence. The serious men know that, and they are all work to proclaim God's mercy for each person.

I ntil now the folks were a matter of the church Now this will become a matter of the tolks in a deeper, hisman-divine sense. The scholastic sophistry of the monks is no oneer religion. We no longer abow the mystery of motherhood to be twisted by the doctrine of Mary's immaculate conception, the high godl ness of man to be contested by the biasphemous claim that Jes's was God's sole son. The education of human generations by God, the just lication of salvation truths by Jewish historical distortions. Is a hypocritical delusion.

What a paradise will open itself to the man who has realized that the beyond is not exterior to the world a heaven above for the just and a pargatory fire below for the unjust rather for each one wes. I say it for each one it is his heaven's interior which he can reach any moment through every just word every life promoting deed, through every genuinely deep thought of goodness. We have never been saved and we never need to be

For we bear within us from the start the well of all truth, the arsenal of all reatizations, the light of all wisdom, the infinity of the universe, the fire of the sun-all things and beings of the earth, the play of all times, the song and the beautify of eternity. At each moment God climbs on the earth, at each moment the universe passes and emerges. Every being, every event of nature, the erection of states and churches the creations of our art, the slogans of our wisdom, we even our own God who hovers before us like a colorful, always moving cloth, all all is to us a symbol of the genu ne essence of our depth, of our so, if

Has anybody ever been able to loan you his living eye, so that you could use it to see, or his voice for you to speak with or his ear to bear with? The strength of your legs determines the extent of your trips, your stomach nourishes you, your lung preserves or kills you your heart alone makes you happy or said I very person is the sphere that rolls out of itself. Whither it may ever take its course. It is the same. It rolls toward where it took its start, back into God, like all rivers of the world, namely into the sea. Never believe in sa you on through an intermediary! That is the greatest sin, that can never be forgiven of you by your God, for it is a sin against your holy spirit. All the teachings that speak to you are like the bread or the fruit that offers itself to you as nourishment. If it is supposedly to enter you as strength and sweetness you must crush it with your teeth and dissolve it with your stomach, hence destroy it.

And a fina thing is still to be said which follows from it the ina terability and an queness of every being. Millions have fallen in the World War each has died a different death. Millions have experienced the horror of the same battle lasting weeks not one has experienced the same thing. The same song that a bundred hear awakens a bundred totally separate from each other feelings and penetrates in a bundred different ways into the gears of thought and of life. But nobody but you knows your boundaries, and it can come that what others figure your victory you will lee to be a defeat that the fulfillments in the eyes of others are your destructions, but your failure becomes your rise. This domination of one over the other is a crime and

a foolishness at the same time. We are all kings who dress differently. Through the in astice we inflict on the other, we dishonor ourself.

But all of this I say to you only in the that each person resembles a narrow entrance to his own essence - through his days and years, his businesses and age his faith and will his yearning and never ending unrest—where time does not exist nor birth, death youth and age. But that is the same on a 1 It can be increased by science. No weath makes it more precious no poverty less. In comparison to home good has the value of dirt. And yet all your virtues resemble naked, treezing, starving this dren who knock at the gate of a castle and beg for entry.

Who then I ask in conclusion is responsible for the miser esof the time for the miseries of our soul. We alone are responsible, you and you. From people arise all evils, by which they are tormented, the perversions of the Popes, the bloody heretic wars, the Fhirty Year Stauebierhouse that took Germany to the britik of destruction, and the World War's accursed into xication with the destruction the hamanity with the insafty of the dance on its ruins.

Not the circumstances make the man rather the man a one makes them, he alone only he fle is responsible for his fate. His essence is of God. The most splendid Christian who ever existed. The German master of the and thought. Eckart, was given the mercy of the realization that the soal foundation of man is at the same time the God foundation. Over a lielse in the world you are in your soul even above what you call your liwhich thekers in this existence like a light, which is like the grass on the field that is green today and florarishes and is formorrow out down and withers.

Only along this path of the soul, which I show you, will we reach self responsibility of each individual and hence a new state. It is not the path of a fatalistic religious sectamen smeather that of the purely open-eyed working. From this spirit the sole goal of the state of man and the goal of man is the state as the highest national perfect on of its concept of personal is. The breakthrough of this realization, however, will also be the

beginning of the rise of our fatherland!"

SS Leitheft, Year 10, Issue 3, 1944

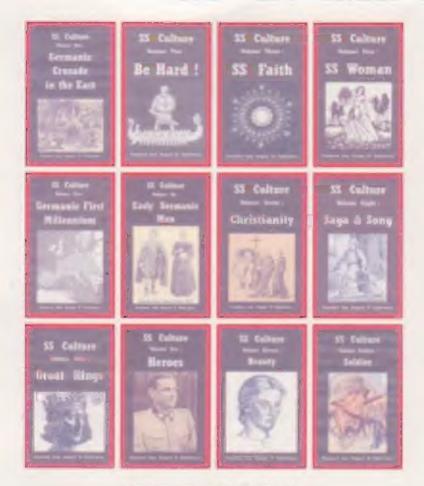


In the divine believe only those, who are themselves divine. – Hölderlin

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